I do not find his case in terms of size of audience compelling at all.

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MR. TOSCANO: Mr. Egan, you also indicated that you disagree with Mr. Brooks' analysis of the audience makeup. Could you please explain the basis for that?

THE WITNESS: Yes, and I will do that quickly. So Mr. Brooks pulls from several different sources different metrics: age, gender here, income there, blah, blah, blah, and he patches them together and he says look, see? The makeup of these audiences is similar. I have lots of problems with that. You know, pulling them from different sources is my first problem. Not having tracking history is my second problem. Not having complete data, you know, the important metrics generally are median age, household income and gender. Not having all of those on the same page from the same source, problematic to me. So I find it patched together and I don't find it convincing, and in fact even within his own

evidence he uses an MRI study and he talks about gender balance and he uses it to say that the study shows that both Tennis Channel and Golf Channel viewing households to be male skewed. And yet if you look at the data that he presents Golf Channel is far more maleoriented. I don't have the number here, but well, maybe I do actually. So it shows you that Tennis Channel is percent men, percent women. We saw from the other data earlier and also if we had the - oh we do have, I'm sorry, I apologize. We do have the MRI data that he's quoting from where he's saying percent of the Tennis Channel audience is male. He's got percent and percent of the Golf and Versus respectively audience as male. He skims right over that as if that's not a significant difference. a significant difference. If I'm an advertiser and I'm trying to get to men I'm going to go with the pure vehicle for the most part. I'm trying to get to a balanced

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audience? Tennis Channel is a fine vehicle.

So I don't find his evidence compelling, I

don't find his interpretation to be terribly
insightful.

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So I went to one source, Simmons Experience. It's on page 51 of my report. You flip to it, you see a chart. It's got Tennis Channel, it's got Golf Channel and it's got Versus each with its own little column there. Yes, page 51. Okay. So the first rows are median household income, Tennis Channel, Golf Channel, Versus, and I've got two quarters. Simmons Experience report reports it either quarterly or biannually, I forget - semi-annually. I forget which it is, but they track it. And you can see that it's very consistent through the time period. and Versus are rock solid which is not surprising. The channels have been around for more than 15 years. People know what they are and watch. And then Tennis varies from

Fairly consistent within

to

	Page 1584
1	its range, a lot lower than either of the
2	other two channels.
3	JUDGE SIPPEL: Do we have anybody
4	in here who has not signed the oath?
5	Protective order. Sign.
6	THE WITNESS: Okay, sorry. It is
7	redacted.
8	(Whereupon, the foregoing matter
9	went off the record at 11:13 a.m. and went
10	back on the record at 11:14 a.m.)
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1	CLOSED SESSION
2	THE WITNESS: Yes, I'll be quick.
3	As you can see, median age, very different.
4	Tennis Channel's median age, I'll just use
5	summer 2010, years old, Golf Channel older,
6	, Versus younger at . And then the
7	male/female ratios, very similar to the MRI
8	data. Tennis Channel , pretty gender-
9	balanced, Golf Channel overwhelmingly male,
10	percent male, Versus percent male. So to
11	me when I weigh Mr. Brooks' evidence I find it
12	spotty, I find his interpretation
13	questionable. When I look at the experience
14	Simmons stuff, looks pretty clear to me. So
15	I don't find that he's made a compelling case
16	in terms of audience makeup similarity either.
17	(Whereupon, the proceeding
18	continued in open session)
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OPEN SESSION

MR. TOSCANO: Mr. Egan, in paragraphs 96 and 97 of your report you comment on Beta studies on which Mr. Brooks relies. Could you tell us based on your industry experience your view of the usefulness of Beta studies?

THE WITNESS: Beta Research Corp been around forever. I've known Andy Klein who runs Beta Research forever and Beta runs this annual - these two annual studies. of basic cable networks and the other is of digital cable networks, all right? And the studies are not meant to be comparative, that's not the purpose of it. In other words, you're not supposed to compare the results from the digital one to the basic ones. It's not the purpose of it. The purpose of it is to evaluate the programming channel that is of interest to you within its own study. So you can compare it to other channels in its study. To compare across is apples and oranges and

again, if you go back to what I was saying a little earlier about Tennis Channel, my problems with his size of his audience and he's comparing this select percent of the universe group for Tennis Channel and their viewing of Tennis Channel versus the percent of the universe every man who's getting Golf and Versus and it's an unfair comparison. You've got the same problem here. Digital is just not penetrative like basic cable is. And so you can't compare across, or you shouldn't compare across. You can if you want but you shouldn't because you're not going to learn anything. You can compare within it. How did one do in relation to the other. So that's what Beta is all about. have to say to you I never purchased Beta. ran programming for MSOs for 18 years, never once purchased a Beta study. Was presented with Beta information many, many times, always by a programming network, always who had an objective. They wanted something from our

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company. They were either raising their rate dramatically and so they're trying to substantiate oh, look how well we did on the Beta study, or they were trying to get launched and so they were saying look how well we did on the Beta study. I never saw it. We did a lot of research in our companies, both CVI and Renaissance, and we either designed the surveys in-house to attack a certain issue that we had or we worked with an outside research company that we hired and attacked certain issues. And we never used Beta.

BY MR. TOSCANO:

Q Mr. Egan, I'd like to finish up shortly and therefore would like to turn to your opinion that Comcast's carriage of Tennis Channel is reasonable. Would you please give us the bases for that opinion briefly?

A Sure. Well, it breaks down really I guess into two things, maybe three.

So I looked at - you'll see my chart which is a derivation of Mr. Orszag's chart on page 57

1 and you see the top 10 distributors, multi-2 channel distributors, and their basic subs and 3 their Tennis Channel penetration. When I look 4 at that I say Comcast is fairly typical. 5 They're almost at the median location of 6 Tennis Channel penetration. When I look at 7 how these people are distributing it, 7 out of 8 10 of these distributors are distributing it 9 either in what is overtly called a sports tier 10 or is really a sports tier with some other 11 services as well, but in my opinion sports is 12 the driver. So specifically I'm talking about 13 Cox, you look at Cox throughout the country, 14 they've got the sports and information pack, 30-35 channels in it, five to seven of them 15 are not sports meaning the balance, you know, 16 17 25 to 30 of them are sports channels. 18 people are buying - most people, not all, but 19 most people are buying that for the sports. 20 out of 10 of these people are So I think 21 carrying it in really what is a sports tier. 22 So I don't see anything atypical about what

Secondly, when I look at the business

proposition given to them in 2009 I think that
their decision to decline that opportunity to

Comcast is doing with the sports tier.

5 reposition the service is a perfectly

6 reasonable business decision.

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Q And in reaching that conclusion did you consider the affiliation agreement between Tennis Channel and Comcast?

affiliation agreement and it's clearly an extensively drafted agreement. It's — frankly, it's longer than I would have thought a startup could obtain from a company like Comcast. It's got some flexible provisions in there, favorable provisions for the programmer where they — Comcast will actually give back some license fees if it didn't pay, if it drops some subscribers. I found that to be somewhat unusual to be honest with you. But most interestingly it clearly contemplates tier carriage. It's got a definition of what

can be in the tier, it says you can't carry it a la carte by itself, permits tier, defines what could be in the tier. The rate card has breaks in it, discounts, that begin at small penetrations of Comcast subscriber base clearly you know designed for a tier. So again, I found the contract to confirm my opinion.

Q Finally, you indicated that you considered the history in evaluating the reasonableness of Comcast's carriage of Tennis Channel. Can you please explain what you meant by that?

important. I really - I really think that we - again, like I said to you, you know, it's easy to throw global terms out there, oh, sports channels, and then you've got to sit and look and well, wait a minute. If I'm a customer, what's on the screen? What am I watching? So again, I think you've got to think about the totality of circumstances when

you're thinking about how does a distributor, whoever it is, react when programmer comes in the door. What are the circumstances that that distributor is facing? What is the environment of the industry at the time? And I think it's a very important factor to realize that the environment, the cable television and satellite environment in - when Versus and Golf Channel launched is totally different than when Tennis Channel launched. They launched in the mid-'90s. At that time Versus was OLN. And as most or all of you are aware, the first half of the '90s, well '92 through into '95 while cable operators continued to rebuild and upgrade cable systems and add channel capacity, they really didn't add channels to any great extent because they had just been the Telecom Act - the Cable Act - Communications Act of 1992 had just rate regulated them along with a lot of other regulations, and the FCC then promulgated its rate regulations and we went through a rate

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freeze and a rate rollback. And so '92, '93, '94, there was no way that you were going to get paid anything for using your channel capacity or to get a return on investment for the addition of a programming service. So there wasn't a lot of activity going on. Now, in '95 what happened is that logiam began to break. You had the going-forward rules the FCC promulgated, you had the new product tier Shortly thereafter you had cable rules. companies begin to reach what were called social contracts with the FCC which permitted them to move forward and add channels and do things. You had the Telecom Act of 1996 which immediately deregulated small cable systems and then over time deregulated the larger ones. And so cable operators were now able to add programming, right? And get paid for it. And so they did so. At the same time satellite is becoming, you know, is launched and becoming more and more of a competitor. Satellite, like any new entrant comes in with

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everything. That's what new entrants do. so cable operators are in - are motivated to play catchup. So you see many services, Home & Garden Television, SyFy, Country Music Television, and I mean the list goes on, but it certainly includes Versus and Golf or at the time OLN that ramp up their subscriber base through the second half of the '90s and into the early part of two thousand and - the 2000s. We get to that point and now rates have been raised, consumer rates have been raised and so competitively now you're concerned about, you know, am I going to lose customers if I raise it any further. License fees have escalated. That pressure is there. Digital is invented. Digital is invented in the late '90s, begins to be deployed and so you can now take channel capacity, you can turn one channel into eight or ten. You have more channel space, more bandwidth, you had space. And so - and that box is expensive. You know, the box that's going out might cost

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\$500, the digital box. So the creation of so you want the programming, you don't want to be the guy that doesn't have the Tennis Channel or you know, whatever it is, so you create a tier and you say to people you would like the Tennis Channel? You would like, you know, whatever that channel is, great. I got it, buy my sports tier, buy my whatever, and you move forward. So you're not - you're not behind content-wise, you have it, it's available, but it's not adding to what is already a problematic license fee base that is helping to push retail rates to an uncomfortable zone for both you and your customer.

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MR. TOSCANO: Your Honor, at this point well - we have no further questions for this witness.

MR. SCHMIDT: Given how long we've been going, Your Honor, does it make sense to take our break now? I've had a special -

JUDGE SIPPEL: You're - you're

	Page 1598
1	A That's correct.
2	Q Was it divide evenly between the
3	three channels?
4	A No. I watched 16« hours of Tennis
5	Channel. I think nine hours of Golf Channel,
6	and I think 9« of Versus.
7	Q As I understand it from your
8	deposition that was your first real exposure
9	to Tennis Channel?
10	A Yes, it was.
11	Q Okay. Mr. Toscano asked you very
12	briefly about the Wealth TV case. I just have
13	a couple of questions about that case. That
14	was a case where you testified that Mojo and
15	Wealth TV were not similarly situated?
16	A Were not substantially similar in
17	programming and in audience.
18	Q And one of the primary analyses as
19	I understand it that you conducted in that
20	case was what you called a genre analysis?
21	A That's that's the question?

22

Q

Yes.

1 A Yes, it was.

Q Yes. And as I understand the genre analysis that you did was you looked at the types of programming on the two shows and you said "Is this sports, music, documentary, food and drink, travel recreation, arts design, collectibles, correct?

A Yes.

Q And if it's a sports show, it's called sports if it's a music show, it's called music and so on and so forth?

A Yes.

Q And that was one of the central means in that case that you used to distinguish between the channels, that genre analysis?

A The genre analysis was one of the central means as well as the look and feel analysis, yes.

Q Well, just so I understand it, you said in your deposition you did not do a look and feel analysis here, correct, in your

l ¦	report	?
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A I didn't put it in the report. I made some observations as I was watching it, but I didn't write that into my report or my written testimony.

Q Okay. Thank you.

And as the genre analysis, you did not do a genre analysis here, did you?

A I did not because the genre for all three of them immediately is sports.

Q They're all in the same genre?

A They are.

Q Okay. And so for that reason it's fair to say these channels are closer than Wealth TV and Mojo were, correct.

A I -- I wouldn't sign on to that statement. I think that my analysis was different because the situation was different.

Q Well at least on that one variable you used they're closer; the genre variable, correct?

A Well, you know, I would have to

tell that even then the channels themselves,
as I droned on about earlier, have genres,
sub-genres if you will, within the sports
genre. So we've got non-event programming and
we've got lifestyle programming. Within that
we've got reality programming, within that
we've got events.

So, I think that there -- this word "genre" is too broad a word to really, you know get at what we're trying to get at here.

Q Well let me go back to what I was asking about, which is the analysis you did for Wealth TV. You didn't do the event/non-event analysis in Wealth TV, did you?

A No, I did not.

Q You just looked at broad genre, right?

A That's correct.

Q And so my question is simply just on that broad genre look, Tennis Channel closer to Golf and Versus than Wealth TV was

In general I remember that. I

treated this other comparable independent

channel, do you remember that?

Α

21

Page 1603 don't remember the specifics of that 1 2 whatsoever. 3 Were there any non-Comcast 4 independent channels other than Tennis Channel 5 that you looked at in this case? I did not look at other channels 6 Α 7 in this case. 8 Okay. Let's look at your Q testimony. Do you still have that in front of 10 you sir? 11 Yes, I do. Α 12 Q Okay. 13 JUDGE SIPPEL: When you say you 14 didn't look at other channels, he was asking 15 just about independents? 16 MR. SCHMIDT: Yes. Right. 17 THE WITNESS: 18 MR. SCHMIDT: Yes. 19 BY MR. SCHMIDT: 20 My question is there was another Q 21 independent channel unrelated to Wealth TV, 22 unrelated to Mojo that you looked at in the

	Page 1604
1	Wealth TV case to see well how does Time
2	Warner treat other independent channels.
3	That's not an analysis you did here.
4	A I did not. No.
5	Q Comcast
6	JUDGE SIPPEL: You mentioned
7	"droning on." I want you to know that you've
8	been droning at my request.
9	THE WITNESS: Oh, okay. I feel
10	better. I do have a habit of doing it, so
11	BY MR. SCHMIDT:
12	Q All right. Do you have your
13	report in front of you, your testimony rather?
14	A My testimony.
15	Q You have Exhibit 77? Let's start
16	off with page 6 paragraph 8. And on page 6
17	paragraph 8 of your report you list three
18	things that you say are the most important
19	considerations for an MVPD, and these are most
20	important considerations in determining
21	whether to carry a channel, is that right?

Correct.

22

Α

	Page 1605
1	Q Okay. And the three things are:
2	(1) Content;
3	(2) Ownership and management,
4	and;
5	(3) Cost and revenue potential.
6	Correct?
7	A Correct.
8	Q I take it those are things you
9	developed over your years of experience in the
10	industry, your knowledge of these being the
11	most important considerations for an MVPD?
12	A Correct.
13	Q Are they factors that you applied
14	at Cablevision?
15	A Yes, they are.
16	Q And I take it these are the
17	factors you would expect a cable company to
18	apply in considering whether to carry a
19	network?
20	A Yes, I would.
21	Q And you specifically think Comcast
22	should have considered these factors in its

2009 carriage decision for Tennis Channel?

- A No, I didn't say that.
- Q Well, let me ask you that
 question: Do you think that Comcast should
 have considered each of these factors in
 making its decision with respect to the Tennis
 Channel?
 - A In what year?
- Q At anytime.

Well, I -- I would think that they would have considered all of these factors in 2005 when they negotiated the contract to add the channel to determine what's this thing about, and what value is it going to bring me, and who is the manager and are they going to stick around? Am I going to launch something and then have to explain to my customers they've gone out of business? Is it going to morph into something else? How do I carry it in a way that I'm not just loading on expense to my customer-base, so and so forth.

So certainly I when I'm deciding